



भारत सरकार / Government of India

सरकारी राजपत्र OFFICIAL GAZETTE

संघ प्रदेश दादरा एवं नगर हवेली तथा दमण एवं दीव प्रशासन
U.T. ADMINISTRATION OF DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND
DAMAN AND DIU

असाधारण EXTRAORDINARY

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U.T. Administration of Dadra and Nagar Haveli
and Daman and Diu
Department of Law and Justice
Vidyut Bhawan, Nani Daman

NOTIFICATION

No. LAW/U.T. Merge (4) /Adapt. State Law/2022/49

Dated: 30/03/2022

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu (Merger of Union Territories) Act, 2019 (44 of 2019) and in pursuance of the Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu (Adaptation of Central Law, State Laws and Presidential Regulations) Orders, dated 18th January, 2022 a copy of “**The Madhya Pradesh Kolahal Niyanttran Adhiniyam, 1985 (Act No. 1of 1986) (as adapted with modifications in the Union territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu)**” dated 22/03/2022 is hereby publish in the Official Gazette of this Union territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu for implementation and for general information.

Sd/-
(Rohit P.Yadav)
Secretary Law
Dadra and Nagar Haveli and
Daman and Diu

THE MADHYA PRADESH KOLAHAL NIYANTRAN ADHINIYAM, 1985

(Act No.1 of 1986)¹[as adapted with modification in the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu.]

An Act to provide for control of noises in the²[Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu]and for matters connected therewith and incidental thereto.

Be it enacted by the Madhya Pradesh Legislature in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows: -

1. Short title, extent and commencement. —

(1) This act may be called the Madhya Pradesh Kolahal Niyatran Adhiniyam, 1985.

(2) It extends to the whole of Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli³[and Daman and Diu].

(3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such date as the Administrator may, by notification, appoint and different dates may be appointed for different areas in the Union territory.

2. Definitions. —In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, —

(a) “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli⁴[and Daman and Diu] appointed by the President under Article 239 of the Constitution;

(aa) “Loud music” means sound produced on or from band, bag pipe, clarionet, shahanai, drum, bugle, dhole, daf, dafda, nagara, tasha or jhanj and includes any loud sound produced by any other instrument or means;

(b) “loud speaker” means an amplifier or any other device used for the purpose of amplifying sound;

(c) “noise” means sound from any source whatsoever of such character as cause or is likely to cause mental or physical discomfort to a man of ordinary sensibility or susceptibility or causes or is likely to cause disturbance in the study;

¹Inserted by the Union territory of Dadra andNagar Haveli and Daman and Diu (Adaptation of Central Law, State Laws and PresidentialRegulations) Order, dated 18th January, 2022 (hereinafter referred to as the Presidential Order, 2022)

²Substituted for the words “State of Madhya Pradesh” by the Presidential Order, 2022.

³Inserted by the Presidential Order, 2022.

⁴Inserted by the Presidential Order, 2022.

(d) "prescribed authority" means the District Magistrate or such other authority or officer as may be empowered by the district Magistrate in writing in this behalf;

(e) "public place" means a place to which public have access have a right to resort or over which public have a right to pass and includes, -

(i) street or way, whether a through-fare or not;

(ii) shops, hotels, restaurants as are adjacent to the aforesaid;

(iii) such other place as the Administrator may, by notification, specify in this behalf;

(f) "soft music" means sound produced on or from any of the following instruments, namely: -

(i) sitar, sarangi, ektara, violin, bansi, dilruba, bin, veena, sarod, jaltarang;

(ii) piano, harmoniyam, gramophone, tabla, khanjari, dholak and mridang;

(iii) transistor, record-player, stereo or radio in so far as musical programmes only are concerned.

3. Prohibition of soft music in certain cases. —(1) Soft music on or from instruments mentioned in sub - clauses (ii) and (iii) of clause (f) of section 2 shall not be produced in any public place between the hours 10 P.M. and 6 A.M.

(2) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall apply to soft music produced within enclosed areas or indoor so long as such soft music does not result in noise.

4. Prohibition of loud music. — Loud music shall not be produced or be caused to be produced in any place between the hours of 10 P.M and 6 A.M.

5. General restrictions against the use of loud-speaker. —(1) Loud music shall not be operated or be caused to be operated between the hours of 10 P.M. and 6 A.M.

(2) Loud speaker shall not also be operated or caused to be operated at any time other than that mentioned in sub- section(1), —

(a) for the purposes of advertising any entertainment, trade or business or for any other commercial announcement:

Provided that the local authority or where there is no local authority, the prescribed authority, may permit the use of loud-speaker for any reasonable cause between the hours as may be specified by him for the aforesaid purposes on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed;

(b) for playing records or taped music in any open place or public place;

(c) within a distance of two hundred meters from a hospital, a nursing home, a telephone exchange, a court, an educational institution or its hostel, Government offices, office of the local authority and bank:

Provided that where a loud - speaker is operated or caused to be operated beyond the above distance its volume shall be so regulated as not to cause any disturbance or nuisance to the above institutions.

6. Restrictions on the use of horn typed loud-speaker. — The use of horn-type loudspeaker is prohibited, unless so permitted by the prescribed authority.

7.Operation of loud-speaker. —(1) Subject to the provision of section 5, the prescribed authority may permit operation of loud-speaker in the following circumstance with restriction attached thereto. —

- a) the operation of loud-speaker may be permitted within closed doors and enclosed premises which are open to the public to the extent that noise is not carried outside such closed doors or enclosed premises;
- b) operation of only a cone type loud-speaker enclosed within wooden cabinet shall be permitted in such premises which are either open or not closed on all sides and the loud-speaker shall be so fixed as not to project sound away from the nearest building.

(2) In all such cases where a loud-speaker is permitted to be operated, the prescribed authority may regulate the duration which shall not exceed six hours in any one day and shall be operated in such manner and during such time and under such conditions as may be prescribed to eliminate noise.

(3) The prescribed authority may grant the permission under this section either generally or for a specified period or for specified purpose.

8.Use of loud-speakers for public purposes or making announcements. — Notwithstanding anything contained in section 5,6 and 7 loud-speakers may be operated for purposes of making announcements on behalf of the Government or local authorities or public meetings or for the maintenance of law and order.

9.Permission for operation of cone-type loud-speaker.—Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 5, 6 and 7 the operation of a cone-type loud speaker enclosed in wooden cabinet within enclosed premises of a private building is permitted provided that such operation does not result in noise.

10. Prohibition of any kind of noise in public interest.—(1) Noise of any kind is prohibited between the hours of 11 P.M. and 6 A.M.

(2) The prescribed authority on being satisfied that in its opinion it is necessary in public interest so to do, by an order in writing, recording reasons therefore prohibit noise of any kind in any place at any other time.

11. Special provision relating to noise emanating from motor-vehicles.— (1) No motor vehicle shall be driven or used on a public road or in a public place unless the⁵[exhaust] cistern is properly muffled so that the vehicle does not give out noise.

(2) No one shall blow an electric or mechanical horn from a vehicle as to nerve of cause alarm or annoyance to the pedestrians or driver of, and passengers in, the vehicle nearby.

12. Relaxation of provisions.— The District Magistrate may for any reasonable cause relax provisions of section 4,5, 6 and 7 to such extent as he may consider necessary.

13. Exemption.— (1) Nothing in this Act shall apply to, -

(i) the occasions of National and Social functions and religious Festival mention below: -

1. Republic Day (26th January);
2. Basant Panchami;
3. Maha Shivratri;
4. Holi and Rangpanchami;
5. Gurupadhva;
6. Chaitti Chand;
7. Ramnavami;
8. Baishakhi;
9. Mahavir Jayanti;
10. Dr. Ambedkar Jayanti;
11. Buddha Purnima;
12. Nagpanchami;
13. Idul-Fitr;
14. Rakshabandhan;
15. Independence Day (15th August);
16. Shri Krishna Janmashtami;
17. Ganesh Chaturthi to Anant Choudas;
18. Sarva Pitrimoksha Amavasya;
19. Gandhi Jayanti (2nd October);

⁵Substituted for the word "exhaust" by the Presidential Order, 2022

20. Durga Padhva to Dashahara;
21. Deepavali;
22. Bhai Dooj;
23. Guru nanak Jayanti;
24. Milad-un-nabi;
25. Guru Ghasidas Jayanti;
26. Christmas Day;
27. Moharrum from 1 to 10;
28. Id-uz-Zuha;
29. Good Friday; and

(ii) the use of loud speaker at any religious place or premises where it is being made as a tradition.

(2) The prescribed authority may, on application in writing made to him grant exemption from the provisions of section 4, 5, 6 and 7 for such period on such occasions and in such area as may be specified in the permission.

⁶[14. **Offences to be cognizable.**—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), an offence punishable under this Act shall be cognizable].

15. Penalty.—(1) Whoever Contravenes or attempts to Contravenes or abets the Contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made there under shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to ⁷[five] thousand rupees or with both.

(2) Whoever after having been previously convicted of an offence punishable under sub-section(1) subsequently commits and is convicted of an offence shall be liable to twice the punishment which might be imposed on a first conviction under this Act.

16. Power to seize the loud speaker.— (1) Any police officer not below the rank of Head Constable may seize the loud speaker used in contravention of the provision of this Act.

(2) Such police officer or any Court before which the loud-speaker is produced may release it in favour of any person, claiming to be entitled to possession thereof on his executing a bond with or without sureties to the satisfaction of the police officer or the Court, as the case may be, undertaking to produce the loud-speaker whenever called upon to do so.

⁶Substituted for the words “Offences to be non-cognizable and bailable Penalty.- All offences under this Act shall be non- cognizable and bailable”, by the Presidential Order, 2022.

⁷Substituted for the word “One” by the Presidential Order, 2022.

(3) A holder of a permit or any person in the employ of such holder and acting on his behalf who fails to produce such permit on the demand of such police officer shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to ⁸[two thousand] rupees or with both.

17. Power to order forfeiture of the loud-speaker in certain cases.—On conviction, the Court trying the offence may order forfeiture of the loud - speaker to the Government.

18. Power to declare silence zones.—The District Magistrate may, where he consider such a step necessary in public interest for reasons to be recorded in writing, specify zones of silence, prohibiting noise of all kinds for such period and hours as may be specified.

19. Power to make rules.— (1) The Administrator may by notification, make rules for carrying out the purpose of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely: --

- a) the terms and conditions on which permission to use loud-speaker may be given under proviso to clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 5;
- b) the manner in which, the time during which and condition subject to which permission may be given under sub- section (2) of section 7;
- c) any other matter which is to be or may be prescribed.

(3) Omitted.

20. Omitted.

By order and in the name of the
Administrator of U.T. of Dadra &
Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu.

Secretariat,
Daman.

Dated: 22nd March, 2022

Sd/-
(Rohit P. Yadav)
Law Secretary
Department of Law & Justice

⁸Substituted for the words “five hundred” by the Presidential Order, 2022.